

Blenheim Primary School E- Safety Policy

Safeguarding pupils & staff at
Blenheim Primary School

Headteacher: M.Duffy

Designated E-Safety Person: R.Spann

Updated November 2016

Introduction

This eSafety policy recognises the commitment of our school to eSafety and acknowledges its part in the school's overall Safeguarding policies and procedures. It shows our commitment to meeting the requirement to keep pupils safe when using technology. We believe the whole school community can benefit from the opportunities provided by the Internet and other technologies used in everyday life. The eSafety policy supports this by identifying the risks and the steps we are taking to avoid them. It shows our commitment to developing a set of safe and responsible behaviours that will enable us to reduce the risks whilst continuing to benefit from the opportunities. We wish to ensure that all members of the school community are aware that unlawful or unsafe behaviour is unacceptable and that, where necessary disciplinary or legal action will be taken. We aim to minimise the risk of misplaced or malicious allegations being made against adults who work with pupils.

Our expectations for responsible and appropriate conduct are formalized in our Acceptable Use Policies (to follow) which we expect all staff and pupils to follow.

As part of our commitment to eSafety we also recognize our obligation to implement a range of security measures to protect the school network and facilities from attack, compromise and inappropriate use and to protect school data and other information assets from loss or inappropriate use.

The scope of policy

This policy applies to the whole school community including the senior leadership team, (SLT) school board of governors, all staff employed directly or indirectly by the school, visitors and all pupils.

The senior leadership team and school board of governors will ensure that any relevant or new legislation that may impact upon the provision for eSafety within school will be reflected within this policy.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers head teachers, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyberbullying, or other eSafety-related incidents covered by this policy, which may take place out of school, but is linked to membership of the school.

The Education Act 2011 gives the school the power to confiscate and search the contents of any mobile device if the head teacher believes it contains any material that could be used to bully or harass others.

Keeping Children Safe Online 2016 states that an effective approach to online safety empowers a school to protect and educate the whole school or college community in their use of technology and establishes mechanisms to identify, intervene in and escalate any incident where appropriate.

The school will clearly detail its management of incidents within this policy, associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents and carers of incidents of inappropriate eSafety behaviour that take place out of school.

The person in school taking on the role of eSafety lead is **R.Spann**

The Governor with an overview of eSafety matters is **Kuldeep Bajwa (Child Protection Governor)**

This eSafety policy was created by **R.Spann / Mo Duffy in November 2016**

The policy was completed on: **November 2016**

The policy was approved by the governing body on **23.11.16**

The policy is due for review no later than: **November 2019**

Implementation of the policy

The senior leadership team will ensure all members of school staff are aware of the contents of the school eSafety policy and the use of any new technology within school. All staff, pupils, occasional and external users of our school ICT equipment will sign the relevant Acceptable Use Policies

All amendments will be published and awareness sessions will be held for all members of the school community.

ESafety will be taught as part of the curriculum in an age-appropriate way to all pupils. ESafety posters will be prominently displayed around the school.

The eSafety policy will be made available to parents, carers and others via the school website.

Responsibilities of the School Community

We believe that eSafety is the responsibility of the whole school community and that everyone has their part to play in ensuring all members of the community are able to benefit from the opportunities that technology provides for learning and teaching. The following responsibilities demonstrate how each member of the community will contribute.

The senior leadership team accepts the following responsibilities:

- The Headteacher will take ultimate responsibility for the eSafety of the school community
- Identify a person (the eSafety lead) to take day to day responsibility for eSafety; provide them with training; monitor and support them in their work.(B.Roberts)
- Ensure adequate technical support is in place to maintain a secure ICT system
- Ensure liaison with the Governors

Responsibilities of the eSafety Lead

- Promote an awareness and commitment to eSafety throughout the school
- Develop and promote an eSafety culture within the school community
- Be the first point of contact in school on all eSafety matters
- Take day to day responsibility for eSafety within the school
- Liaise with technical staff on eSafety issues
- Create and maintain eSafety policies and procedures
- Develop an understanding of current eSafety issues, guidance and appropriate legislation
- Ensure delivery of an appropriate level of training in eSafety issues
- Ensure that eSafety education is embedded across the curriculum
- Ensure that eSafety is promoted to parents and carers
- Ensure that any person who is not a member of school staff , who makes use of the school ICT equipment in any context, is made aware of the Acceptable Use Policy
- Liaise with the Local Authority, the Local Safeguarding Children's Board and other relevant agencies as appropriate
- Monitor and report on eSafety issues to the Leadership team and the Safeguarding/eSafety Governor as appropriate
- Ensure that staff and pupils know the procedure to follow should they encounter any material or communication that makes them feel uncomfortable and how to report an eSafety incident
- Ensure an eSafety incident log is kept up-to-date

- Ensure that Good Practice Guides for eSafety are displayed in classrooms and around the school
 - To promote the positive use of modern technologies and the internet
 - To ensure that the school eSafety policy and Acceptable Use Policies are reviewed at prearranged time intervals.
- Ensure that all staff, pupils and other users agree to the Acceptable Use Policy and that new staff have eSafety included as part of their induction procedures
 - Make appropriate resources, training and support available to all members of the school community to ensure they are able to carry out their roles effectively with regard to eSafety

Responsibilities of all Staff

- Read, understand and help promote the school's eSafety policies and guidance
- Read, understand and adhere to the staff AUP
- Take responsibility for ensuring the safety of sensitive school data and information
- Develop and maintain an awareness of current eSafety issues, legislation and guidance relevant to their work
- Maintain a professional level of conduct in their personal use of technology at all times
- Ensure that all digital communication with pupils is on a professional level and only through school based systems, **NEVER** through personal email, text, mobile phone social network or other online medium.
- Embed eSafety messages in learning activities where appropriate
- Supervise pupils carefully when engaged in learning activities involving technology
- Ensure that pupils are told what to do should they encounter any material or receive a communication which makes them feel uncomfortable
- Report all eSafety incidents which occur in the appropriate log and/or to their line manager

Respect, and share with pupils the feelings, rights, values and intellectual property of others in their use of technology in school and at home.

Additional Responsibilities of Technical Staff

- Support the school in providing a safe technical infrastructure to support learning and teaching
- Ensure appropriate technical steps are in place to safeguard the security of the school ICT system, sensitive data and information. Review these regularly to ensure they are up to date
- Ensure that provision exists for misuse detection and malicious attack
- Report any eSafety-related issues that come to their attention to the eSafety lead and/or senior leadership team
- Ensure that procedures are in place for new starters and leavers to be correctly added to and removed from all relevant electronic systems, including password management
- Ensure that suitable access arrangements are in place for any external users of the schools ICT equipment
- Liaise with the Local Authority and others on eSafety issues
- Document all technical procedures and review them for accuracy at appropriate intervals
- Ensure appropriate backup procedures exist so that critical information and systems can be recovered in the event of a disaster

Responsibilities of pupils

- Read, understand and adhere to the pupil AUP and follow all safe practice guidance
- Take responsibility for their own and each others' safe and responsible use of technology wherever it is being used, including judging the risks posed by the personal technology owned and used by them outside of school
- Ensure they respect the feelings, rights, values and intellectual property of others in their use of technology in school and at home
- Understand what action should be taken if they feel worried, uncomfortable, vulnerable or at risk whilst using technology, or if they know of someone to whom this is happening
- Report all eSafety incidents to appropriate members of staff
- Discuss eSafety issues with family and friends in an open and honest way
- To know, understand and follow school policies on the use of mobile phones, digital cameras and handheld devices
- To know, understand and follow school policies regarding Cyberbullying

Responsibilities of Parents and Carers

- Help and support the school in promoting eSafety
- Read, understand and promote the pupil AUP with their children
- Discuss eSafety concerns with their children, show an interest in how they are using technology, and encourage them to behave safely and responsibly when using technology
- Consult with the school if they have any concerns about their child's use of technology
- To agree to and sign the home-school agreement containing a statement regarding their personal use of social networks in relation the school :
We will support the school approach to online safety and not deliberately post comments or upload any images, sounds or text that could upset or offend any member of the school community or bring the school into disrepute.

Responsibilities of Governing Body

- Read, understand, contribute to and help promote the school's eSafety policies and guidance as part of the school's overarching Safeguarding procedures
- Support the work of the school in promoting and ensuring safe and responsible use of technology in and out of school, including encouraging parents to become engaged in eSafety awareness
- To have an overview of how the school IT infrastructure provides safe access to the internet and the steps the school takes to protect personal and sensitive data
- Ensure appropriate funding and resources are available for the school to implement their eSafety strategy
- **Governing bodies and proprietors should be doing all that they reasonably can to limit children's exposure to the above risks from the school or college's IT system.**
- **As part of this process, governing bodies and proprietors should ensure their school or college has appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place.**
- **Governing bodies and proprietors should consider the age range of their pupils, the number of pupils, how often they access the IT system and the proportionality of costs vs risks.**

Responsibilities of the Child Protection Officer

Understand and raise awareness of the issues and risks surrounding the sharing of personal or sensitive information

Be aware of and understand the risks to young people from online activities such as grooming for sexual exploitation, sexting, cyberbullying and others.

Raise awareness of the particular issues which may arise for vulnerable pupils in the school's approach to eSafety ensuring that staff know the correct child protection procedures to follow

Responsibility of any external users of the school systems e.g. adult or community education groups; breakfast or afterschool club

- Take responsibility for liaising with the school on appropriate use of the school's IT equipment and internet, including providing an appropriate level of supervision where required
- Ensure that participants follow agreed Acceptable Use Procedures

Acceptable Use Policies

School has a number of AUP for different groups of users.

These are shared with all users yearly and staff and pupils will be expected to agree to them and follow their guidelines. We will ensure that external groups and visitors to school who use our ICT facilities are made aware of the appropriate AUP.

Learning and Teaching

We believe that the key to developing safe and responsible behaviors online for everyone within our school community lies in effective education. We know that the Internet and other technologies are embedded in our pupils' lives, not just in school but outside as well, and we believe we have a duty to help prepare our pupils to benefit safely from the opportunities that these present.

We will deliver a planned and progressive scheme of work to teach eSafety knowledge and understanding and to ensure that pupils have a growing understanding of how to manage the risks involved in online activity. We believe that learning about eSafety should be embedded across the curriculum and also taught in specific lessons such as in ICT and PSICHE.

We will teach pupils how to search for information and to evaluate the content of websites for accuracy when using them in any curriculum area. Staff and pupils will be reminded that

third party content should always be appropriately attributed so as not to breach copyright laws.

We will discuss, remind or raise relevant eSafety messages with pupils routinely wherever suitable opportunities arise. This includes the need to protect personal information and to consider the consequences their actions may have on others. Staff will model safe and responsible behaviour in their own use of technology during lessons.

We will remind pupils about the responsibilities to which they have agreed through the AUP.

Pupils will be made aware of where to seek advice or help if they experience problems when using the internet and related technologies.

How parents and carers will be involved

We believe it is important to help all our parents develop sufficient knowledge, skills and understanding to be able to help keep themselves and their children safe.

To achieve this we will offer opportunities for finding out more information through meetings, the school newsletter and website.

We will ask all parents to discuss the pupil's AUP with their child and return a signed copy to the school. We also ask parents to sign the Home school agreement which includes a statement about their use of social networks in situations where it could reflect on our school's reputation and on individuals within the school community.

We request our parents to support the school in applying the eSafety policy.

Managing and safeguarding IT systems

Using the Internet

We provide the internet to

- Support curriculum development in all subjects
- Support the professional work of staff as an essential professional tool
- Enhance the school's management information and business administration systems
- Enable electronic communication and the exchange of curriculum and administration data with the LA, the examination boards and others

Users are made aware that they must take responsibility for their use of, and their behavior whilst using the school IT systems or a school provided laptop or device and that such activity can be monitored and checked.

All users of the school IT or electronic equipment will abide by the relevant Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) at all times, whether working in a supervised activity or working independently,

Pupils and staff are informed about the actions to take if inappropriate material is discovered and this is supported by notices in classrooms and around school.

Using email

Email is regarded as an essential means of communication and the school provides all members of the school community with an e-mail account for school based communication. Communication by email between staff, pupils and parents will only be made using the school email account and should be professional and related to school matters only. E-mail messages on school business should be regarded as having been sent on headed notepaper and reflect a suitable tone and content and should ensure that the good name of the school is maintained. There are systems in place for storing relevant electronic communications which take place between school and parents.

Use of the school e-mail system is monitored and checked.

It is the personal responsibility of the email account holder to keep their password secure.

As part of the curriculum pupils are taught about safe and appropriate use of email. Pupils are informed that misuse of email will result in a loss of privileges.

School will set clear guidelines about when pupil-staff communication via email is acceptable and staff will set clear boundaries for pupils on the out-of-school times when emails may be answered.

Under no circumstances will staff contact pupils, parents or conduct any school business using a personal email addresses.

Responsible use of personal web mail accounts on school systems is permitted outside teaching hours.

Publishing content online

e.g. using the school website, Learning Platform, blogs, wikis, podcasts, social network sites

School website:

The school maintains editorial responsibility for any school initiated web site or publishing online to ensure that the content is accurate and the quality of presentation is maintained. The school maintains the integrity of the school web site by ensuring that responsibility for uploading material is always moderated and that passwords are protected.

The point of contact on the web site is the school address, e-mail and telephone number. Contact details for staff published are school provided.

Identities of pupils are protected at all times. Photographs of identifiable individual pupils are not published on the web site and school obtains permission from parents for the use of pupils' photographs. Group photographs do not have a name list attached.

Creating online content as part of the curriculum:

As part of the curriculum we encourage pupils to create online content. Pupils are taught safe and responsible behavior in the creation and publishing of online content. They are taught to publish for a wide range of audiences which might include governors, parents or younger children. Personal publishing of online content is taught via age-appropriate sites that are suitable for educational purposes. They are moderated by the school where possible. Pupils will only be allowed to post or create content on sites where members of the public have access when this is part of a school related activity. Appropriate procedures to protect the identity of pupils will be followed.

We take all steps to ensure that any material published online is the author's own work, gives credit to any other work included and does not break copyright.

Online material published outside the school :

Staff and pupils are encouraged to adopt similar safe and responsible behaviors in their personal use of blogs, wikis, social networking sites and other online publishing outside school as they are in school.

Material published by pupils, governors and staff in a social context which is considered to bring the school into disrepute or considered harmful to, or harassment of another pupil or member of the school community will be considered a breach of school discipline and treated accordingly.

Using images, video and sound

We recognize that many aspects of the curriculum can be enhanced by the use of multi-media and that there are now a wide and growing range of devices on which this can be accomplished. Pupils are taught safe and responsible behavior when creating, using and storing digital images, video and sound.

Digital images, video and sound recordings are only taken with the permission of participants and their parents; images and video are of appropriate activities and are only taken of pupils wearing appropriate dress. Full names of participants are not used either within the resource itself, within the file-name or in accompanying text online.

We ask all parents/carers to sign an agreement about taking and publishing photographs and video of their children (in publications and on websites) and this list is checked whenever an activity is being photographed or filmed.

We secure additional parental consent specifically for the publication of pupils' photographs in newspapers, which ensures that parents know they have given their consent for their child to be named in the newspaper and possibly on the website.

For their own protection staff or other visitors to school never use a personal device (mobile phone, digital camera or digital video recorder) to take photographs of pupils.

We are happy for parents to take photographs at school events but will always make them aware that they are for personal use only and if they have taken photographs of children other than their own they should not be uploaded to social media sites.

Using mobile phones

Use of mobile phones by pupils is covered by a separate policy.

During lesson time we expect all mobile phones belonging to staff to be switched off unless there is a specific agreement for this not to be the case.

Where required for safety reasons in off-site activities, a school mobile phone is provided for staff for contact with pupils, parents or the school. Staff will never use personal mobile phones in any situation where their mobile phone number or other personal details may be revealed to a pupil or parent. *(In an emergency, where a staff member doesn't have access to a school-owned device, they should use their own device and hide (by inputting 141) their own mobile number for confidentiality purposes.)*

Unauthorized or secret use of a mobile phone or other electronic device, to record voice, pictures or video is forbidden. Publishing of such material on a web site which causes distress to the person(s) concerned will be considered a breach of school discipline, whether intentional or unintentional. The person responsible for the material will be expected to remove this immediately upon request. If the victim is another pupil or staff member we do not consider it a defense that the activity took place outside school hours.

The sending or forwarding of text messages, emails or other online communication deliberately targeting a person with the intention of causing them distress, 'cyberbullying', will be considered a disciplinary matter.

We make it clear to staff, pupils and parents that the Headteacher has the right to examine content on a mobile phone or other personal device to establish if a breach of discipline has occurred.

Using mobile devices

We recognize that the multimedia and communication facilities provided by mobile devices (e.g. iPad, iPod, tablet, netbook, Smart phones) can provide beneficial opportunities for pupils. However their use in lesson time will be with permission from the teacher and within clearly defined boundaries.

Pupils are taught to use them responsibly.

Using other technologies

As a school we will keep abreast of new technologies and evaluate both the benefits for learning and teaching and also the risks from an eSafety point of view.

We will regularly review the eSafety policy to reflect any new technology that we use, or to reflect the use of new technology by pupils.

Staff or pupils using a technology not specifically mentioned in this policy, or a personal device whether connected to the school network or not, will be expected to adhere to similar standards of behavior to those outlined in this document.

Dealing with eSafety incidents

All eSafety incidents are recorded in the School eSafety Log which is regularly reviewed.

Any incidents where pupils do not follow the Acceptable Use Policy will be dealt with following the school's normal behavior or disciplinary procedures.

In situations where a member of staff is made aware of a serious eSafety incident, concerning pupils or staff, they will inform the eSafety Lead, their line manager or head teacher who will then respond in the most appropriate manner. [See **First Responders Guide to eSafety Incidents**]

Instances of **cyberbullying** will be taken very seriously by the school and dealt with using the schools anti-bullying procedures. School recognizes that staff as well as pupils may be victims and will take appropriate action in either situation, including instigating restorative practices to support the victim.

Incidents which create a risk to the security of the school network, or create an information security risk, will be referred to the school's eSafety Lead and technical support and

appropriate advice sought and action taken to minimize the risk and prevent further instances occurring, including reviewing any policies, procedures or guidance. If the action breaches school policy then appropriate sanctions will be applied. The school will decide if parents need to be informed if there is a risk that pupil data has been lost.

School reserves the right to monitor equipment on their premises and to search any technology equipment, including personal equipment with permission, when a breach of this policy is suspected.

Dealing with complaints and breaches of conduct by pupils:

- Any complaints or breaches of conduct will be dealt with promptly
- Responsibility for handling serious incidents will be given to a senior member of staff
- Parents and the pupil will work in partnership with staff to resolve any issues arising
- Restorative practice will be used to support the victims
- There may be occasions when the police must be contacted. Early contact will be made to establish the legal position and discuss strategies

The following activities constitute behavior which we would always consider unacceptable (and possible illegal) :

- accessing inappropriate or illegal content deliberately
- deliberately accessing downloading and disseminating any material deemed offensive, obscene, defamatory, racist, homophobic or violent
- continuing to send or post material regarded as harassment, or of a bullying nature after being warned
- staff using digital communications to communicate with pupils in an inappropriate manner (for instance, using personal email accounts, personal mobile phones, or inappropriate communication via social networking sites)

The following activities are likely to result in disciplinary action:

- any online activity by a member of the school community which is likely to adversely impact on the reputation of the school
- accessing inappropriate or illegal content accidentally and failing to report this
- inappropriate use of personal technologies (e.g. mobile phones) at school or in lessons
- sharing files which are not legitimately obtained e.g. music files from a file sharing site
- using school or personal equipment to send a message, or create content, that is offensive or bullying in nature or could bring the school into disrepute
- attempting to circumvent school filtering, monitoring or other security systems

- revealing the personal information (including digital images, videos and text) of others by electronic means (e.g. sending of messages, creating online content) without permission
- using online content in such a way as to infringe copyright or which fails to acknowledge ownership (including plagiarizing of online content)
- transferring sensitive data insecurely or infringing the conditions of the Data protection Act, revised 1988

The following activities would normally be unacceptable; in some circumstances they may be allowed e.g. as part of planned curriculum activity or by a system administrator to problem solve

- accessing social networking sites, chat sites, instant messaging accounts, email or using a mobile phone for personal use during lesson time
- accessing non-educational websites (e.g. gaming or shopping websites) during lesson time
- sharing a username and password with others or allowing another person to log in using your account
- accessing school ICT systems with someone else's username and password without their prior consent or knowledge
- deliberately opening, altering, deleting or otherwise accessing files or data belonging to someone else without their prior consent or knowledge

Appendix

Extract from :

Guidance for Safer Working Practice for Adults who work with Children and Young People. DCSF January 2009 (still current)

Section 12 Communication with Children and Young People (*including the Use of Technology*)

Communication between children and adults, by whatever method, should take place within clear and explicit professional boundaries. This includes the wider use of technology such as mobile phones text messaging, e-mails, digital cameras, videos, web-cams, websites and blogs. Adults should not share any personal information with a child or young person. They should not request, or respond to, any personal information from the child/young person, other than that which might be appropriate as part of their professional role. Adults should ensure that all communications are transparent and open to scrutiny.

Adults should also be circumspect in their communications with children so as to avoid any possible misinterpretation of their motives or any behavior which could be construed as grooming. They should not give their personal contact details to children and young people including e-mail, home or mobile telephone numbers, unless the need to do so is agreed with senior management and parents/carers. E-mail or text communications between an adult and a child young person outside agreed protocols may lead to disciplinary and/or criminal investigations. This also includes communications through internet based web sites.

Internal e-mail systems should only be used in accordance with the organization's policy.

This means that the organization should:

- *have a communication policy which specifies acceptable and permissible modes of communication*

This means that adults should:

- *not give their personal contact details to children or young people, including their mobile telephone number and details of any blogs or personal websites*
- *only use equipment e.g. mobile phones, provided by organization to communicate with children, making sure that parents have given permission for this form of communication to be used*
- *only make contact with children for professional reasons and in accordance with any organization policy*
- *recognize that text messaging is rarely an appropriate response to a child in a crisis situation or at risk of harm. It should only be used as a last resort when other forms of communication are not possible*
- *not use internet or web-based communication channels to send personal messages to a child/young person*
- *ensure that if a social networking site is used, details are not shared with children and young people and privacy settings are set at maximum*

Section 27 Photography and Videos

Working with children and young people may involve the taking or recording of images. Any such work should take place with due regard to the law and the need to safeguard the privacy, dignity, safety and well being of children and young people. Informed written consent from parents or carers and agreement, where possible, from the child or young person, should always be sought before an image is taken for any purpose.

Careful consideration should be given as to how activities involving the taking of images are organized and undertaken. Care should be taken to ensure that all parties understand the implications of the image being taken especially if it is to be used for any publicity purposes or published in the media, or on the Internet. There also needs to be an agreement as to whether the images will be destroyed or retained for further use, where these will be stored and who will have access to them.

Adults need to remain sensitive to any children who appear uncomfortable, for whatever reason, and should recognize the potential for such activities to raise concerns or lead to misunderstandings.

It is not appropriate for adults to take photographs of children for their personal use.

This means that adults should:

- be clear about the purpose of the activity and about what will happen to the images when the activity is concluded
- be able to justify images of children in their possession
- avoid making images in one to one situations or which show a single child with no surrounding context
- ensure the child/young person understands why the images are being taken and has agreed to the activity and that they are appropriately dressed.
- only use equipment provided or authorized by the organization
- report any concerns about any inappropriate or intrusive photographs found
- always ensure they have parental permission to take and/or display photographs

This means that adults should not:

- display or distribute images of children unless they have consent to do so from parents/carers
- use images which may cause distress
- use mobile telephones to take images of children
- take images 'in secret', or taking images in situations that may be construed as being secretive.

Section 28 Access to Inappropriate Images and Internet Usage

There are no circumstances that will justify adults possessing indecent images of children. Adults who access and possess links to such websites will be viewed as a significant and potential threat to children. Accessing, making and storing indecent images of children on the internet is illegal. This will lead to criminal investigation and the individual being barred from working with children and young people, if proven.

Adults should not use equipment belonging to their organization to access adult pornography; neither should personal equipment containing these images or links to them be brought into the workplace. This will raise serious concerns about the suitability of the adult to continue to work with children.

Adults should ensure that children and young people are not exposed to any inappropriate images or web links. Organizations and adults need to ensure that internet equipment used by children have the appropriate controls with regards to access. e.g. personal passwords should be kept confidential.

Where indecent images of children or other unsuitable material are found, the police and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) should be immediately informed. Adults should not attempt to investigate the matter or evaluate the material themselves, as this may lead to evidence being contaminated which in itself can lead to a criminal prosecution